

Figure 163. Hazardous degredation (1/17/08) Source: Wood,



Figure 164. January 2008 rust (1/17/08) Source: Wood,



Figure 165. January 2008 rust (1/17/08) Source: Wood & Johnson,



Figure 166. October 2007 rust (10/9/07) Source: Wood, Gerst,



Figure 167. January 2008 rust (1/17/08) Source: Wood,



Figure 168. January 2008 rust (1/17/08) Source: Wood,



Figure 169. January 2008 rust (1/17/08) Source: Wood,

Dustification (fuzzballs)



Figure 170. Coarse dust quickly settles to the ground. But fine dust can be seen around the feet. This indicates the dust is continuing to break down. (9/11/01)



Figure 171. Soon, finer and finer dust begins rising from the ground. Dust this fine could not have settled out of the air this quickly. Coarse dust settled to the ground, but continued to break down.

Fuming



Figure 172. Fumes emerge from wet dirt. *(10/31/01)*



Figure 173. Fumes rise from GZ *(10/31/01)*

Footprint Protection?

19. The photographs below (Figure 174 - Figure 195) show how the footprint of the building was being "protected" – but it is not clear what is being treated or the reason for this treatment. There seems to be no explanation for the construction of the wooden grid, covering and odd mixture of cement like material.

OCTOBER 2005



Figure 174. (10/05)



Figure 175. (10/05)



Figure 176. (10/05)

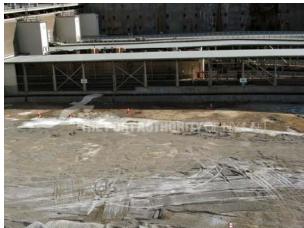


Figure 177. (10/05)



Figure 178. (10/05)



Figure 179. (10/05)

MARCH 2006



Figure 180. (10/06)



Figure 181. (10/06)



Figure 182. (10/06)



Figure 183. (10/06)



Figure 184. (10/06)

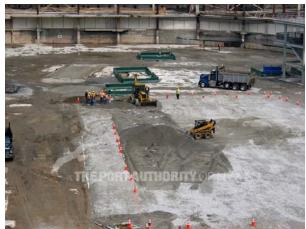


Figure 185. (10/06)



Figure 186. (10/06)



Figure 187. (10/06)



Figure 188. (10/06)



Figure 189. (10/06)



Figure 190. (10/06)



Figure 191. (10/06)



Figure 192. (10/06)



Figure 193. (10/06)



Figure 194. (10/06)



Figure 195. (10/06)

APRIL 2006



Figure 196. Fine rich-brown imported dirt, imported from outside Manhattan. (4/06)



Figure 197. Dirt is used in cleaning up toxic sites. (4/06)



Figure 198. This rich dirt is not native to 21st-century downtown Manhattan. (4/06)



Figure 199. Rich dirt is used to cover the construction zone. (4/06)



Figure 200. The four yellow dump trucks are heading south on West Street, toward the WTC complex. Each of the dump trucks carries a uniform load of what appears to be dirt. (9/27/01)



Figure 201. This appears to be dirt being trucked away from the WTC complex. Why is so much dirt coming and going? The four trucks ahead of the green one carry a uniform load of what appears to be dirt. (10/13/01)

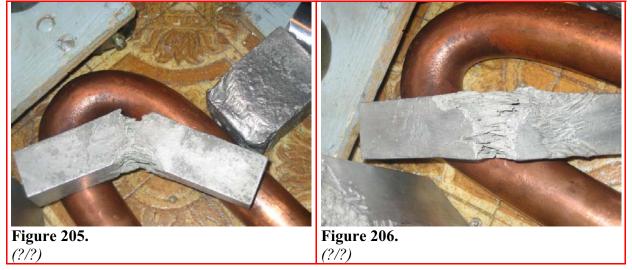


Figure 202. The four yellow dump trucks are heading south on West Street, toward the WTC complex. Each of the dump trucks carries a uniform load of what appears to be dirt. (9/27/01)

Example of a technology

20. Figures 203 - 225 compare metal samples from the experiments of Canadian experimental physicist John Hutchison with some of the effects seen in metal samples from the WTC. It is known that Los Alamos National Laboratories (LANL) visited John Hutchison and collaborated on experiments in 1983. It is understood Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC) have also, in the past, contacted John Hutchison.





Science Applicacations International Corp. (SAIC) SAIC knows about this technology.



Figure 207. Solid molybdenum, Hutchison-Effect beam, now in the possession of Col. John Alexander. (Solid circular bar, 2.5-inch or 3-inch diameter)



Figure 208. Solid copper bar bent from the Hutchison Effect. (Solid circular bar, 2.5-inch or 3-inch diameter)



Figure 209. Solid copper bar (2/2)



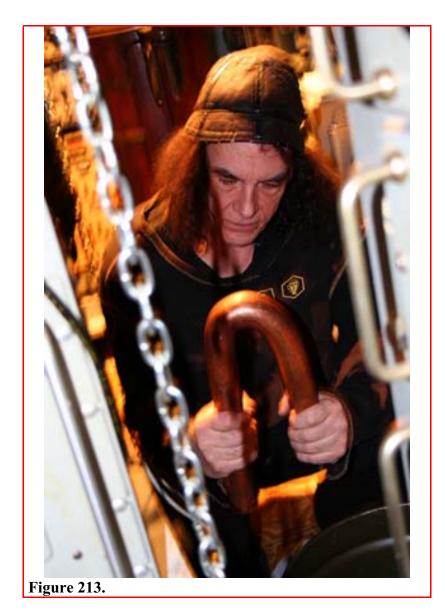
Figure 210. copper, aluminum



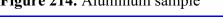
Figure 211. Aluminum sample *(?/?)*



Figure 212. Aluminum sample *(?/?)*









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Error! Unknown switch argument.



Figure 218. Aluminum sample



Figure 219. Aluminum sample



Figure 220. Aluminum sample



Figure 221. Aluminum sample





49 of 54



Figure 224. Aluminum sample



Figure 225. Aluminum sample



Figure 226. "DEWed" Red Bull can (6/06)



Figure 227. Hazmat van in front of WTC6. (9/11/01) 010911_WTC6.911_1328.jpg.



Figure 228. Hutchison Effect sample with coin embedded.



Figure 229. Hutchison Effect sample with embedded coin.

(?/?)



Figure 230. Coins found at the WTC site



Figure 231. Coins found at the WTC site



Figure 232. Blob of WTC material known as "the metiorite."



Figure 233. Close-up of Figure 232.



Figure 234. The pieces are kept in a humidity-controlled tent in Hangar 17 of Kennedy International Airport. (Photo by Lane Johnson)



Figure 235. Furniture, twisted metal, pipes, cords and even papers with legible type are visible. (Photo by Lane Johnson)

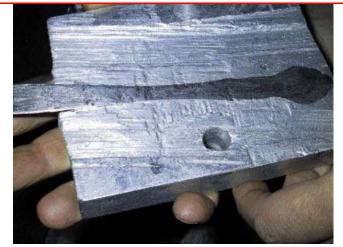


Figure 236. Knife in aluminum



Figure 237. wood in aluminum



Figure 238. wood in aluminum

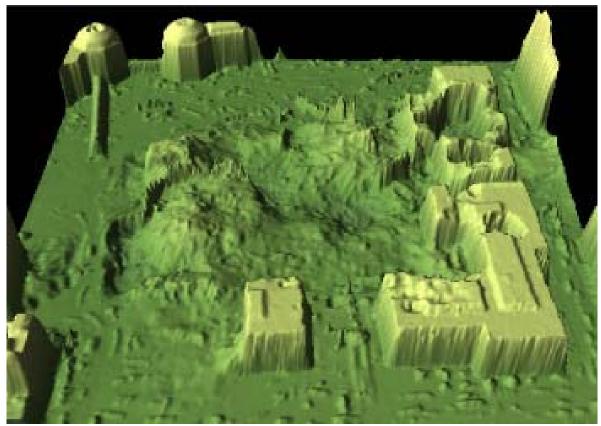


Figure 239. Where did the debris go? There is too little material for two 110-story buildings. The 8-story remains tower over the WTC site. The 22-story WTC3 is non existant. (9/23-26/01)



Figure 240. Figure 60. WTC4 footprint at the bottom, the remaining WTC4 north wing on the right, and the WTC2 footprint above. (9/23/01)



Figure 241. The center of WTC6 disappeared. It's gone. (9/23/01)



Figure 242. This does not look like a collapse to me. SAIC is complicit with the NIST report in calling this a collapse. That is fraud; they know better! (9/11/01)